



Rolf Riemenschneider

Project Officer of UNLOCK-CEI Head of IoT Unit, DG Connect, European Commission

High Level Policy Welcome

EUCloud Edgelo T.eu

The European Cloud, Edge & IoT Continuum

Policy Directions

Rolf Riemenschneider

European Commission Head of Sector IoT DG CONNECT/E4





The future of European Competitiveness – Report by Mario Draghi

Context



On September 9, 2024, Mario Draghi, former ECB president, presented a 400-page report - after being tasked by the European Commission - on the **future of European competitiveness**.

The findings of the report contribute to the Commission's work on a new plan for Europe's sustainable prosperity and competitiveness.

→ In particular, the report will contribute to the development of the new Clean Industrial Deal for competitive industries and quality jobs, which will be presented in the first 100 days of the new Commission mandate.

Key conclusions



The future of European competitiveness

And I registration with the competitive of European competitiv

Part A (Strategy)

Part B (In-depth analysis)

3 main areas for action to reignite sustainable growth are identified



Closing the innovation gap with the US and China



Joint plan for decarbonisation and competitiveness



Increasing security, reducing dependencies

10 sectoral policies and 5 horizontal policies are identified, including for Automotive

Detailed next



IoT-Edge: Recommendations from the Di Leadership in strategic loT

areas, like edge computing

Challenges identified



Fragmentation also makes it harder to capitalise on new technologies. Europe currently has virtually no presence in edge computing.

Edge computing refers to the distribution of computational tasks across smaller nodes closer to customers, reducing data transport to smaller distances. As the EU builds highly automated manufacturing plants requiring low latency and significant data volumes steered by AI, edge computing for industrial applications could better enable performance and reduce latency for industrial connected robotics, keeping data transfers more secure.

Recommendations

Underpin leadership in strategic IoT areas (e.g. O-RAN, edge computing, NW API standardization) by deregulating new investments (5GSA, IoT), subject to preserving competition

Coordinate standards for edge, NW APIs, and IoT at EU level To ensure that EU players remain at the forefront of new technological developments. → to establish an EU-level body with public-private participation to develop homogenous technical standards for the deployment of network APIs and edge computina

IoT (crossdomain)

Digitalisation can also contribute to Europe's decarbonisation and transition to net-zero by 2050. Connecting advanced technologies, such as the internet of things (IoT) and remote sensors, additive manufacturing and predictive maintenance has great potential to promote the circular economy and energy savings

Digita Coordinate on standards for and redge, NW APIs and IoT

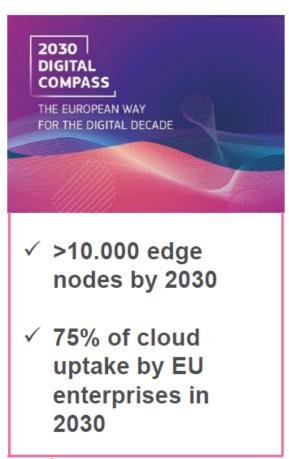
Connecting advances Itechnologies for circular economy and energy savings

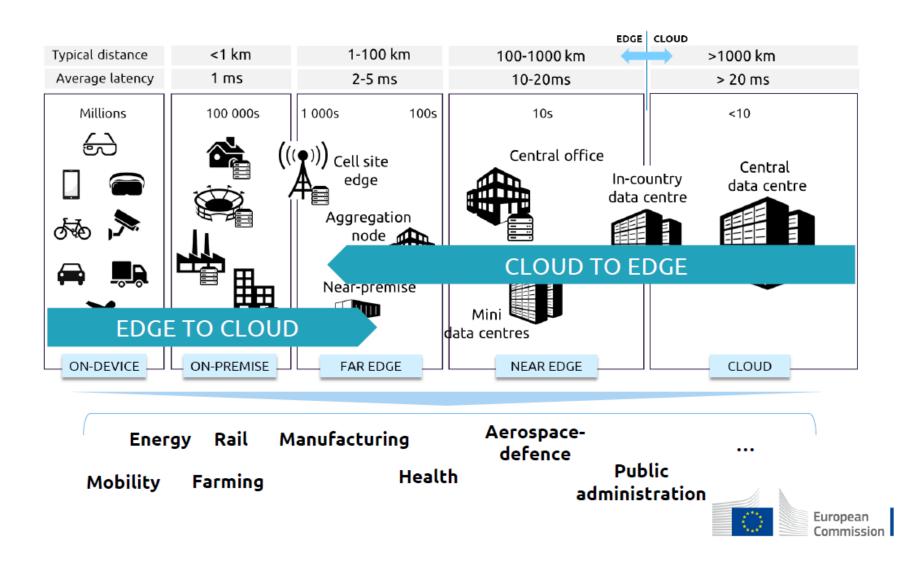
enabler for the electronics value chain, and a ecurity and industrial strength across

Ensure support for the innovation potential of mainstream chips in larger nodes (more than 28 nm) as well as of chiplets, to leverage EU strengths in established industries and innovative deployments (e.g. the automotive industry, sensors for IoT, power controls., etc

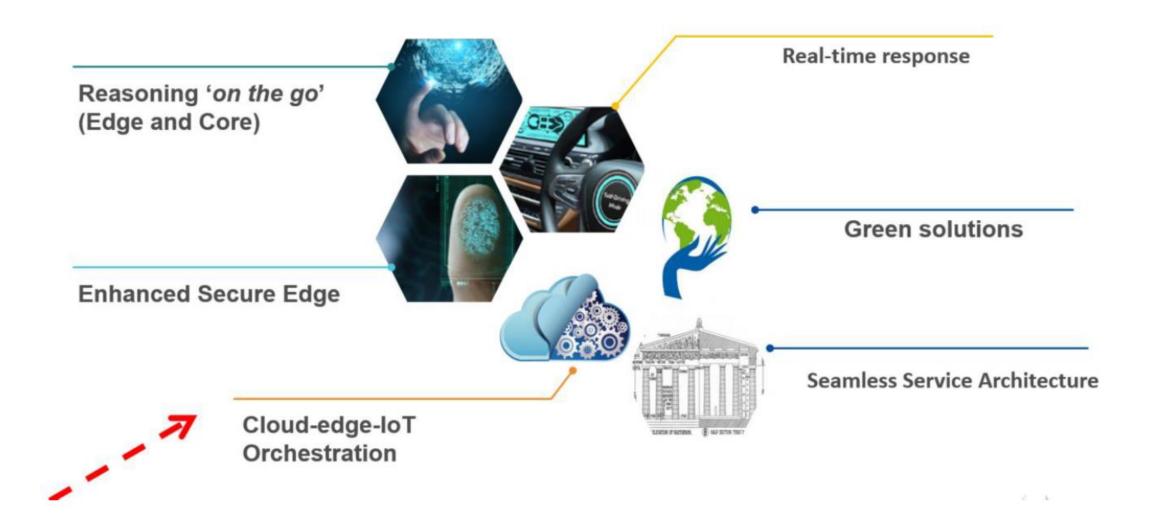


Digital Decade objectives for the cloud & edge computing continuum by 2030









loT and Edge Computing Granularity

Applications











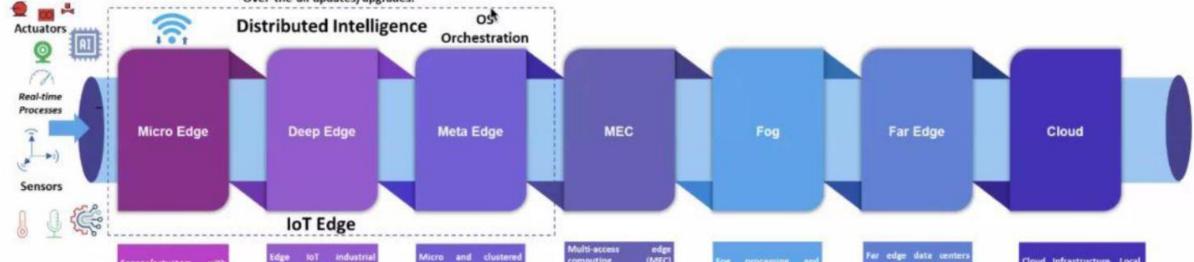






Scalability, adaptability, transparency, dependability, trustworthiness.

Over-the-air updates/upgrades.



Sensor/actuators with processing units, Resource constrained for adge devices. Edge to T industrial processing units (PLCs, RTUs), network units (intelligent routers, switches, gateways etc.).

Micro and clustered servers (e.g., high-end CPUs, GPUs, FGPAs, etc.), on premises edge computing, local edge. Multi-access edge computing (MEC) infrastructure, Edge computing servers into micro data centres clusters.

Fog processing and platforms. Edge servers as part of the fog platforms.

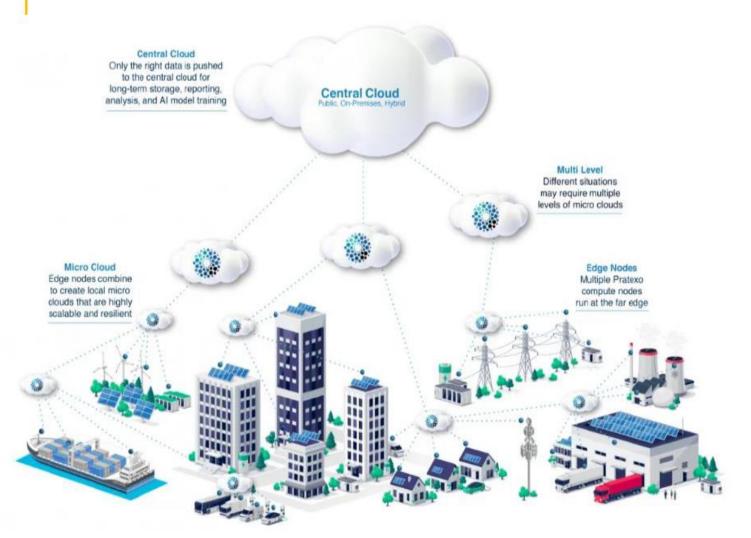
Far edge data centers that are extending the edge/fog with hyperiocal capacity, compute, and connectivity.

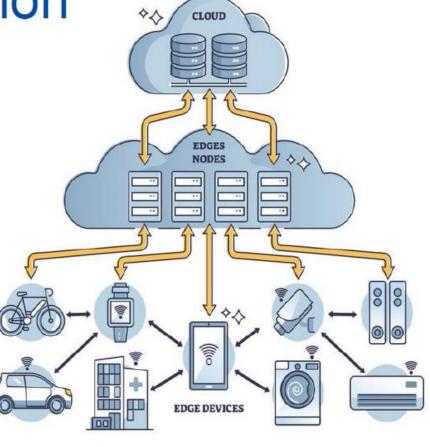
Cloud Infrastructure. Local, regional and national data centres. Federation of clouds and data centres.



EDGE COMPUTING

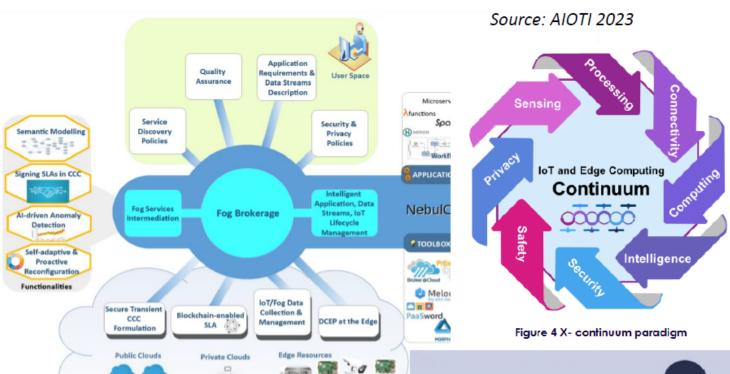
Complexity of Edge Orchestration







Challenge of Computing Continuum



Source: NebulOus Platform

Technical Challenges

Develop Edge Cloud Infrastructure as a Virtual continuum orchestrating edge workloads, and as a platforms to manage the network, storage and compute resources.

Application Paradigm

Applications move to highly decentralized, distributed models, as they ran at the edge and exploit off-loading computing resources including network functions to cloud backend systems

Centralised computing on a spectrum of edge nodes across different types of edge

Economic Impact

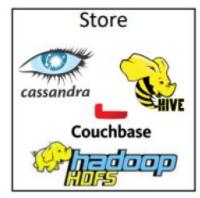
→ From Cloud to Edge business models

Total edge computing addressable market will grow from US\$9 billion in 2020 to US\$445 billion in 2030 (courtesy: STL Partners, 2023)

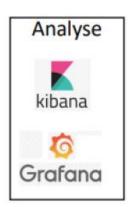
Momentum of Open Source Initiatives

























Container







Infrastructure







HORIZON-CL4-2024-: Platform Building, standardisation, ecosystem building → Up-scaling of the 'Cloud-Edge-IoT' Solutions

Pilots to explore new IoT Paradigms and their Impact of EU Markets

- Trends like edge technologies and decentralised Intelligence will reshape the industrial landscape,
 - spurring innovation towards the edges of the IoT network (edge clouds and edge computing)
 - accelerate the pick-up of novel advanced edge technology in most important sectors for Europe's economy, and competitiveness
- An open framework for a vibrant Edge-IoT ecosystem is key for up-scaling and to leverage economies of scale
 - Standardisation & Open Source
 - compliance, security as well as synergies across sectors.
 - Underpinning an emerging open edge ecosystem including midcaps, SMEs and start-ups,

(((o)))

Far Edge / IoT
Smart Device

Cloud

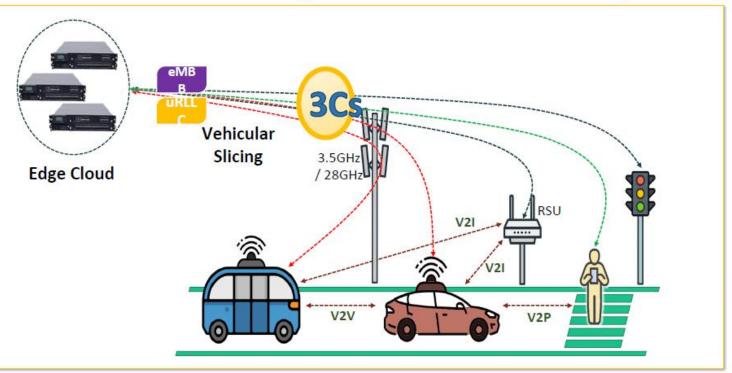
Cloud / HPC
Infrastructure

Trend/Paradigm Shift: from Cloud to Edge Bringing compute resources closer to the data

Federating far edge resources ad hoc (e.g. via 5G) to provide edge-cloud resources close to the edge

Large-scale pilots as a basis for Connected Collaborative Computing How to master Networks (3C networks)

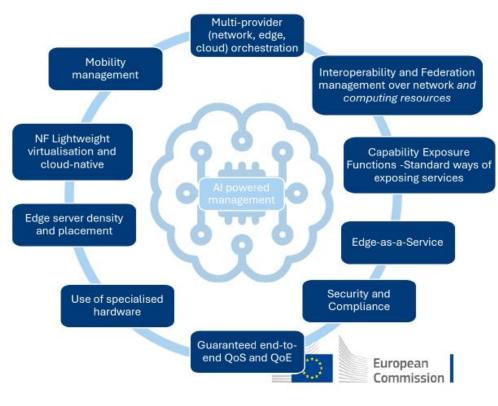
Use case: Mobile Edge Infrastructure for Intelligent Crossing



Reference: South Korean Pilot Daejeon, South Korea, https://autopilot-project.eu/

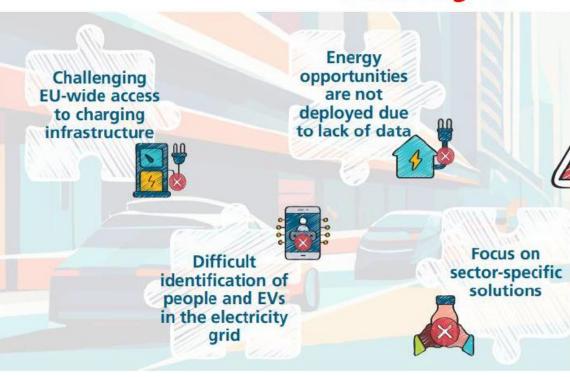




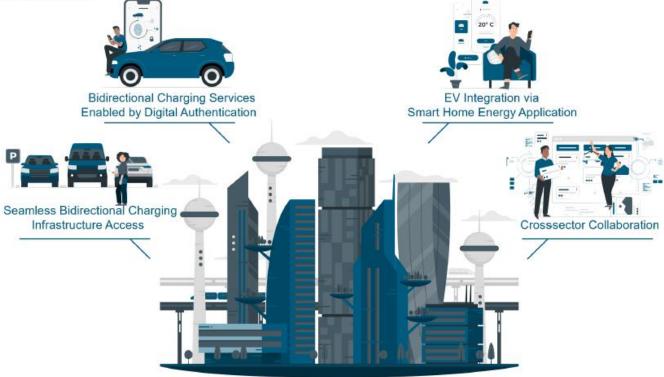


Unsymmetric Decarbonisation

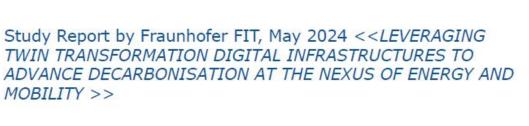
Challenges



MOBILITY >>



Opportunities









EU-US Collaboration – DISCOVER US

- Open for expression of interest https://discover-us.eu/#/
- International Standardisation
 - ➡ Workshop on 26-27 Nov. 2024 in Brussels
- 3Cs Initiative

HORIZON-CL4-2024-DATA-01-05: Platform Building, standardisation and Up-scaling of the 'Cloud-Edge-IoT' Solutions (Horizontal Activities - CSA)

Related Background

- Horizon Europe:
 - → Calls, topics, deadlines WP2023-24
- Position Papers and Event Reports
 - → Alliance AIOTI Strategic Foresight : <u>IoT and Edge Computing Convergence</u>
- Cloud-Edge-IoT Portal see www.EUCloudEdgeIoT.eu
- HIPEAC Vision https://www.hipeac.net/vision/#/latest/
- Edge-IoT Policy on Europa
- 3Cs Strategy:
 - → Calls, topics, deadlines WP2023-24



